



QUICK FACTS: STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT GRANTS & MITIGATION

MONTANA SAGE GROUSE HABITAT CONSERVATION PROGRAM

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT STEWARDSHIP GRANTS AND MITIGATION

WHAT ARE STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT GRANTS AND WHAT IS THE PURPOSE?

The 2015 Montana Legislature created the Sage Grouse Stewardship Account grant program when it passed the Greater Sage Grouse Stewardship Act. The Act is a key pillar of Montana's Conservation Strategy which led to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to decide that listing the greater sage grouse under the federal Endangered Species Act was not warranted.

The purpose of the Stewardship Account is to incentivize voluntary conservation measures to maintain, enhance, restore, expand or benefit sage grouse habitat and populations by providing voluntary incentives. Habitat conservation is an important part of Montana's Conservation Strategy, especially on private lands where most of Montana's sage grouse live.

The Montana Sage Grouse Oversight Team (MSGOT) seeks grant applications for conservation projects to benefit sage grouse and sage grouse habitat. Grant cycles are announced by MSGOT under the Sage Grouse Stewardship Fund Grant Program.

WHO CAN RECEIVE GRANT FUNDING FROM THE SAGE GROUSE STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT?

Only agencies and organizations are eligible to receive funds from the Stewardship Grant Fund. Applicants must be an agency or an organization. Private citizens are not eligible to receive funds unless they are working with an agency or an organization and the funds will be provided to the agency or organization directly.

Agencies are defined as a department, agency or instrumentality of the State of Montana; a political subdivision of the state; or a tribe. Organizations are defined as a private entity registered with the Montana Secretary of State authorized to conduct business in the State of Montana.

Further, organizations or agencies are only eligible if they hold and maintain conservation easements or leases or are directly involved in sage grouse habitat mitigation and enhancement activities approved by MSGOT.

WHAT KINDS OF PROJECTS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR FUNDING?

The 2015 Montana Legislature set forth the eligibility criteria in the Greater Sage Grouse Stewardship Act. Review the Eligibility and Evaluation Criteria Guidance document for complete details.

A project is eligible if it will maintain, enhance, restore, expand, or benefit sage grouse habitat and populations for the heritage of Montana and its people through voluntary, incentive-based efforts.

For example, eligible projects may include: reduction of conifer encroachment, maintenance, restoration, or improvement of sage brush health or quality, incentives to reduce the conversion of grazing land to cropland, restoration of cropland to grazing, fence marking, reduction of unnatural perching platforms for raptors, reduction of unnatural safe havens for predators, and purchase or acquisition of leases, term conservation easements or permanent conservation easements. MSGOT can consider other project ideas, but they must be consistent with the purpose of the Stewardship Act.



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MONTANA SAGE GROUSE HABITAT CONSERVATION PROGRAM

WHAT KINDS OF PROJECTS ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR FUNDING?

The 2015 Montana Legislature also identified what kinds of projects would be ineligible to receive grant funding. Review the Eligibility and Evaluation Criteria Guidance document for complete details.

For example, projects are ineligible if they seek funds: for fee simple acquisition of private land; to purchase water rights; to purchase a lease or conservation easement that requires recreational access or prohibits hunting fishing, or trapping as part of it terms; to allow release of state or federally-listed species protected by the federal Endangered Species Act; to supplement or replace the operating budget of an agency or organization except for budget items that directly relate to the purposes of the grant;

The purpose of the Stewardship Fund Grant Program is to provide competitive funding and establish ongoing free-market mechanisms for voluntary creation of mitigation credits that will be made available for sale to developers in a marketplace. MSGOT is unlikely to award Stewardship Account funds for research or education because such efforts do not generate conservation credits which offset the impacts of development.

WHAT ELSE DOES THE STEWARDSHIP ACT SAY ABOUT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT GRANTS?

The 2015 Montana Legislature provided specific statutory direction for the Stewardship Account. See the Eligibility and Evaluation Criteria Guidance document for all the details.

Here are a few of the most important details:

- Projects are only eligible if they are located, at least in part, on land in designated sage grouse habitats: core areas, general habitat, or the connectivity area.
- Some projects are statutorily ineligible. Examples include: fee simple acquisition of private land, water right purchase, leases or easements that require recreational access, supplementation or replacement of operating budgets except for budget items that directly relate to purposes of the grant.
- Grant projects are expected to create mitigation credits that can be used to offset the impacts of development elsewhere in sage grouse habitats.
- Developers can decide to make a contribution to the Stewardship Account instead of doing their own mitigation projects.
- Contributions to the Account are made available in subsequent grant cycles.

WHAT IS MITIGATION?

Mitigation is when conservation actions like the preservation, enhancement, or restoration of sage grouse habitat are used to offset or compensate for impacts of development in sage grouse habitat somewhere else.

Preservation actions means placing a term easement or lease on land for a set number of years or it can mean a perpetual conservation easement. Enhancement means taking actions to increase the quality or value of habitat over current conditions such as removing encroaching conifers. Restoration means taking actions to recover or reestablish habitat that has been degraded such as reseeding sagebrush in an area that had previously burned or been cultivated.



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MONTANA SAGE GROUSE HABITAT CONSERVATION PROGRAM

HOW DOES MITIGATION WORK?

The Montana Legislature found that compensatory mitigation is consistent with incentivizing voluntary conservation of sage grouse habitat. Developers will be required to offset impacts to sage grouse habitats in Montana's Core Areas, General Habitat or Connectivity Area.

Developers can undertake their own permittee-responsible conservation actions to offset impacts or they can rely on and purchase the habitat benefits that result from the conservation acts of others. Examples include relying on projects MSGOT selects for funding from the Stewardship Account or working directly with private landowners or third parties who implement projects on their own and independently from MSGOT or the Stewardship Account.

HOW DOES MITIGATION RELATE TO PRIVATE LANDOWNERS?

In Montana, most remaining sage grouse habitat is found on private lands. Private lands are likely to be the source of conservation actions that developers will rely on to fulfill their requirement to offset impacts of development.

Participation by private landowners is strictly voluntary. However, mitigation can create a new source of revenue or help pay for something landowners want to undertake to achieve their land stewardship goals.

HOW DOES THE STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT FUND RELATE TO MITIGATION?

The Stewardship Fund is a source of competitive funding to facilitate the start-up of Montana's conservation actions that are used to mitigate the impacts of development elsewhere.

Grant funds are awarded to agencies or organizations to create a supply of conservation credits that then made available to developers to offset impacts to sage grouse habitats. Montana intends to move towards having free-market mechanisms for voluntary, incentive based conservation on private lands (and public lands as needed) in habitats designated as necessary to conserve sage grouse and maintain state management of the bird.

WHAT IS A CREDIT?

A credit is a unit of trade that represents the habitat value associated with a preservation, restoration, or enhancement project. Credits that are created through conservation actions are bought by developers who need credits to offset the impacts of development.

WHO OWNS THE CONSERVATION CREDITS?

When Stewardship Account funds are used to create conservation credits, the state owns the credits and works directly with developers. Even though private landowners do not own the credits and would not benefit from the direct sale of credits created on their lands, the Stewardship Account is how landowners can pay for implementing a desired conservation project or practice desired by the landowner when other funds are not available.

If Stewardship Account funds or other governmental funds such as NRCS Farm Bill programs are not used to create conservation credits, the private landowner owns the credits and may sell them at to developers directly for whatever price they negotiate.



QUICK FACTS: STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT GRANTS & MITIGATION

MONTANA SAGE GROUSE HABITAT CONSERVATION PROGRAM

WHAT IS REQUIRED OF LANDOWNERS WHO VOLUNTARILY PARTICIPATE IN SAGE GROUSE MITIGATION?

In exchange for payment, private landowners would agree to continue doing certain things and refrain from doing certain things. Payment is in exchange for preserving, restoring, or enhancing the habitat. The payment could be received directly from a developer or from an agency or organization that sponsored a Stewardship Account grant application on behalf of the landowner/s.

For example, if a private landowner in sage grouse habitat were to participate in a preservation mitigation project, the landowner could enter into a term lease or easement or place a perpetual conservation easement on the property. If the landowner opted for a term lease or easement, it must be for at least 15 years. In either case, the agreement is placed in writing and signed. The landowner would be expected to refrain from certain actions like breaking native sagebrush rangeland into cultivation, subdivision, or commercial scale wind development. However, the landowner would be able to continue traditional agricultural practices like livestock grazing since that is compatible with conserving sage grouse habitat.

For restoration or enhancement projects, the landowner similarly agrees to refrain from actions that impact sage grouse habitat and continue with existing agricultural practices like livestock grazing.

CAN PRIVATE LANDOWNERS WORK DIRECTLY WITH DEVELOPERS AND NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS TO PARTICIPATE IN SAGE GROUSE MITIGATION?

Yes. Private landowners are not required to work with the Montana Sage Grouse Oversight Team (MSGOT) or the Montana Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program. Private landowners are also not required to participate in the Stewardship Account grant process or receive state funds to do a mitigation project on their lands. Instead, private landowners may negotiate directly with developers or non-governmental organizations. A signed written agreement will be required.

The state will require documentation of any agreements to show that developers have secured adequate conservation to offset the habitat impacts of their developments and that landowners have voluntarily agreed to participate.

Non-governmental organizations can participate in sage grouse mitigation by working with landowners directly to secure grant funding to pay for the conservation actions. Non-governmental organizations can also work directly with developers on behalf of private landowners so that landowners do not have to engage directly.

HOW IS THE NUMBER OF CREDITS DETERMINED FOR PRESERVATION, RESTORATION, OR ENHANCEMENT PROJECTS?

The number of credits is estimated using the MSGOT-approved Habitat Quantification Tool (Tool), which is like a calculator. The Tool evaluates vegetation and environmental conditions to determine the quality and quantity of sage grouse habitat on a particular site or parcel of land.

Results from the Tool are used to determine how many credits are available from a parcel of land and that can be sold to developers who need to buy credits to offset impacts. The HQT is applied to all conservation projects, regardless of the funding source. The same HQT is used to calculate the impacts on habitat due to a development project.



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MONTANA SAGE GROUSE HABITAT CONSERVATION PROGRAM

WHEN WILL THE NEXT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT GRANT CYCLE BE AND HOW MUCH FUNDING IS AVAILABLE?

Grant cycles occur at irregular intervals, however each cycle is announced using the Program's mailing list. To receive the latest information about upcoming grant cycles, join the mailing list here: <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/About#mailingList>.

WHERE CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE APPLICATION PROCESS?

Visit the Montana Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program website here: <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/Grants>.

Look for the bullet list of additional resources:

- Application Information and Guidance
- Application and Award Process Diagram
- Pre-Application Proposal Form
- Complete Application
- Montana Basemap
- Montana Sage Grouse Oversight Team Procedures
- Administrative Rules

WHERE CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CREATING CREDIT SITES WITHOUT A STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT GRANT?

To learn more about creating credit sites, visit the Montana Sage Grouse Conservation Program website here: <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/CreditProject>.

WHERE CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION ABOUT MITIGATION POLICIES AND THE HABITAT QUANTIFICATION TOOL?

To learn more about MSGOT's mitigation policies and the Habitat Quantification Tool, visit Montana Sage Grouse Conservation Program website here: <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/Team>. Look under the heading Mitigation on MSGOT's page.

HOW CAN I STAY INFORMED WITH THE LATEST MSGOT MEETING INFORMATION AND NEWS?

Join the Sage Grouse Program's mailing list to receive direct emails announcing news and upcoming events here: <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/About#mailingList>. You must "opt in" to receive email updates from the Program.

The Program uses this mailing list to announce MSGOT meetings and the availability of MSGOT meeting materials. Additionally, the Program will use this list to announce opportunities for public comment.

The Program does not share its distribution list with others and you can "opt out" at any time.